

A year of full-speed FOSS winning the hearts, minds, and business case



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Prologue

OXFORD ARCHAEOLOGY



Oxford Archaeology: Europe's largest provider of archaeology and heritage services



Over 400 regular members of staff

4 offices located across England and France:

- OA Oxford, UK
- OA North Lancaster, UK
- OA Med nr. Montpellier, France
- OA East Cambridge, UK



Oxford Archaeology is:

Excavation: Consultancy

Pre-construction surveys (using physical and geophysical evaluation)

Full archaeological excavation



Oxford Archaeology is:

Excavation: Heritage Management services

HMS: Desk-based assessments

Environmental impacts assessments

Historic landscape character assessments



Oxford Archaeology is:

Excavation: Scientific dating

HMS: Analysis

Post-Ex: Publication

Archiving



Chapter 1

THE WAY IT WAS



Archaeology is spatial

Data in

Digital field survey - Total stations, Laser scanning etc.

Site plans – Hand drawn on perma-trace

Context records – Hand written

Digital images

3rd party data sets (NMR/SMR, OS) – DXF or SHP



Data in

Data do

Digitise plans and features – AutoCAD 2004, ESRI ArcGIS

Create context databases – *Microsoft Access 97*

Spatial analysis – ESRI ArcGIS

Context phasing – AutoCAD / ESRI ArcGIS joined to Access 97

Map regression – ESRI ArcGIS



Data in Data do

Data out

Publication – ArcGIS or exported to Adobe Illustrator

To clients – Whatever they want, usually CAD formats

Archiving – Paper archive, server stored data



Data in Data do Data out

DATA OPEN

Open Archaeology - Oxford Archaeology's published core strategy comprising of:

Open Source Open Standards Open Data

http://openarchaeology.net https://launchpad.net/openarchaeology



Chapter 2

FULL SPEED FOSS



Moving to FOSS

A process

Researching the best solutions

Establishing an infrastructure

Legacy phase out

Gradual training



Moving to FOSS OA versus ESRI

ESRI and the CHEST agreement

Uncertainty of the future

The reality of propriety

Creating a FOSS infrastructure





Digital field survey – *Open Total Station, TangoGPS, GvSIG mobile*Site plans – *Still hand drawn, hardware issues more than software*Context records – *Input via the Freerunner mobile device*





وeoss Data in

Data do

Digitise plans and features – CAD, GvSIG

Create context databases – PostGIS

Spatial analysis – GvSIG with Sextente, Grass enabled QGIS

Context phasing – ?? GvSIG and PostGIS

Map regression – GvSIG

Possible Data in Data do

Data out

Publication – InkScape, ???

To clients – Still whatever they want, usually DXF or SHP

Archiving – ???



Chapter 3

SOME REALITIES

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One Laptop per Archaeologist

The primary uses of GIS and the establishment of a GIS toolkit

The strength of PostgreSQL and PostGIS

Changing the minds of some (more computer literate) people





Software

Freerunner still a developing platform

GvSIG is often buggy and intimidating to the casual user

Unrefined links between the GIS, Database, and Open Office

The general output of 'pretty maps' is still rudimentary in FOSS GIS

A useful CAD substitute, and client compatibility

The migration from ArcGIS mxds, and lyr files.

STANDARDS – Where are the open standards for GIS projects files? ARCHIVING – What is the best established open format to archive?





Hurdles?

People

For some archaeologists change happens across centuries

Non GIS people struggle to learn GvSIG which is intimidating and still half in Spanish

I hate IT

"I don't like it as the buttons are in a different place"



Chapter 4

THE WAY IT WILL BE

Coming in 2009

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