

IMPLEMENTING WEB GIS SOLUTIONS

USING OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE

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Talk Overview

	<p>Why and What</p> <p><i>What is Open Source (GIS)?</i> <i>Why use it ?</i></p>
<p>Application Components</p>	<p>Overview of Web GIS</p> <p><i>Components of a Web GIS</i> <i>What is out there ?</i></p>
	<p>Some Foundations</p> <p><i>OGR, GDAL, PROJ4, GeoTools</i></p>
	<p>Web GIS Engines</p> <p><i>MapServer</i> <i>GeoServer</i></p>
	<p>Frameworks</p> <p><i>Mapbender, MapFish, Cartaro</i> <i>Open Layers 2 + 3, Leaflet, D3, CesiumJS</i></p>
	<p>Extending GIS Capabilities</p> <p><i>Spatial Data Storage Solutions</i> <i>Additional Tools</i></p>
	<p>Resources</p> <p><i>How can you build your own ?</i> <i>...5 simple steps</i></p>

■ What is Open Source (GIS)?

Open source means that the source code is available to the general public for use, distribution, and modification from its original design free of charge (among a long list of other requirements)

Open Source ≠ Open Standards



While most open source geospatial software is built on the standards of the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC) the term "Open Source" it is not synonymous with Open Standards because both proprietary and open source software can be compliant with the OGC Open Standards.
<http://www.opengeospatial.org>



OSGeo is the organization that supports the development of the highest quality open source geospatial software.
<http://www.osgeo.org>

■ Why use it ? General and incomplete listing

■ User is in control

- Pick you favorite operating system: supports many operating systems: Windows-Linux-Solaris-...
- No licensing issues (did we install one to many PCs with software XY?)
- Vendor independency
- Access to source code: don't like something, need changes to the core system, need extensions – hire somebody to change it right now

■ High performance, high quality, high interoperability

- distributed programming effort, highly modular...
- System heterogeneity - less prone to hacker attacks and viruses
- Interoperable – very advanced support of OGC open standards

■ Exceptional Support - Commercial and non commercial

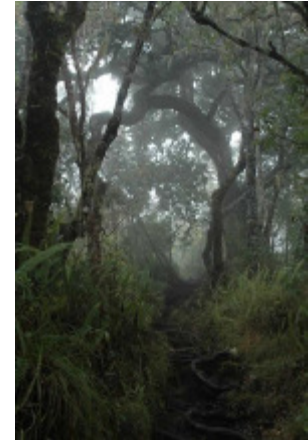
- Mailing lists, user groups, Conferences, IRC channels
- Fast response times for bug fixes
typically tracked on the web accessible and open to everybody to report or fix a bug

■ It is free

■ What is out there ?

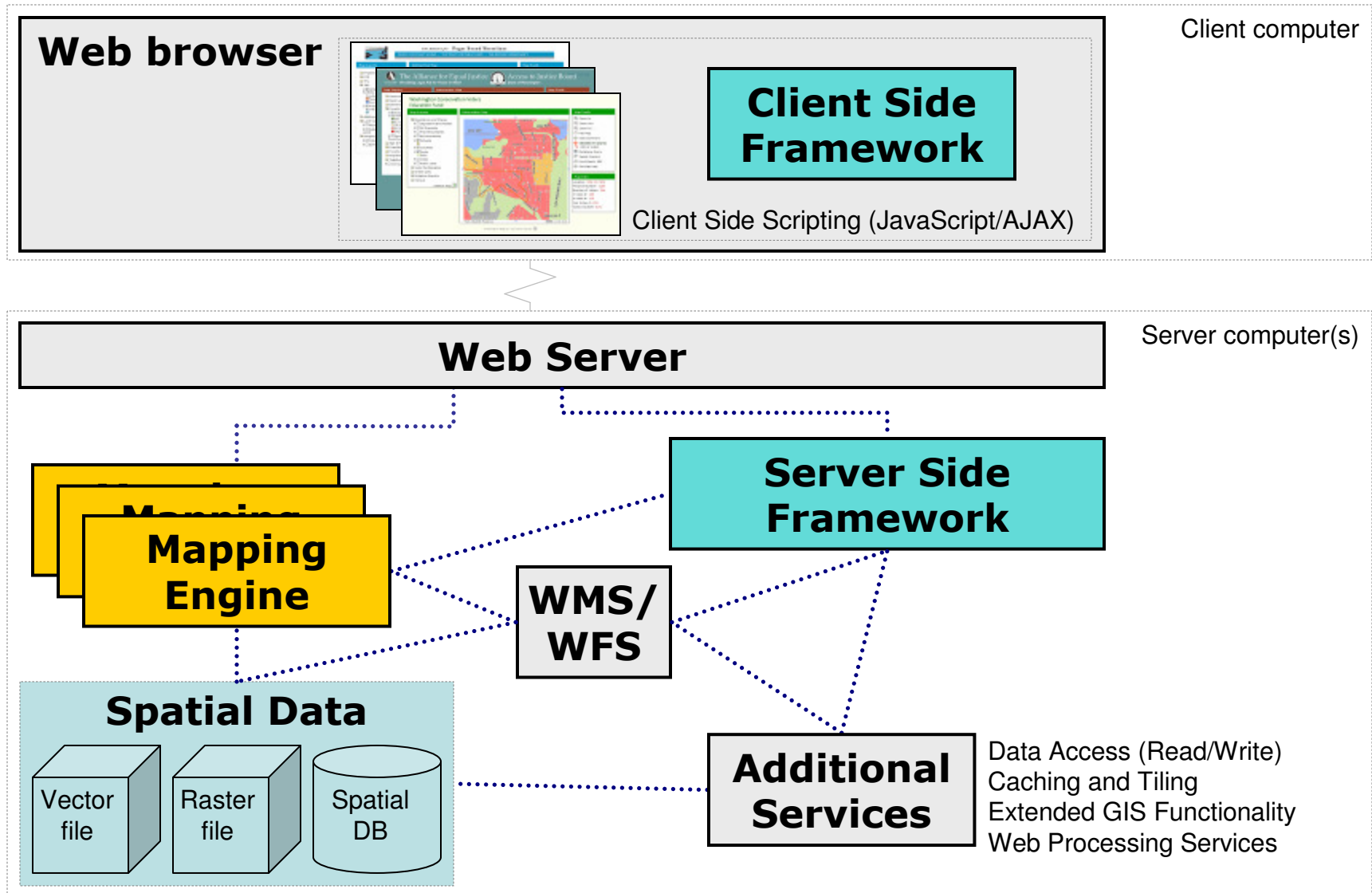
A whole lot !

**More than 250 project entries on
<http://opensourcegis.org/>**

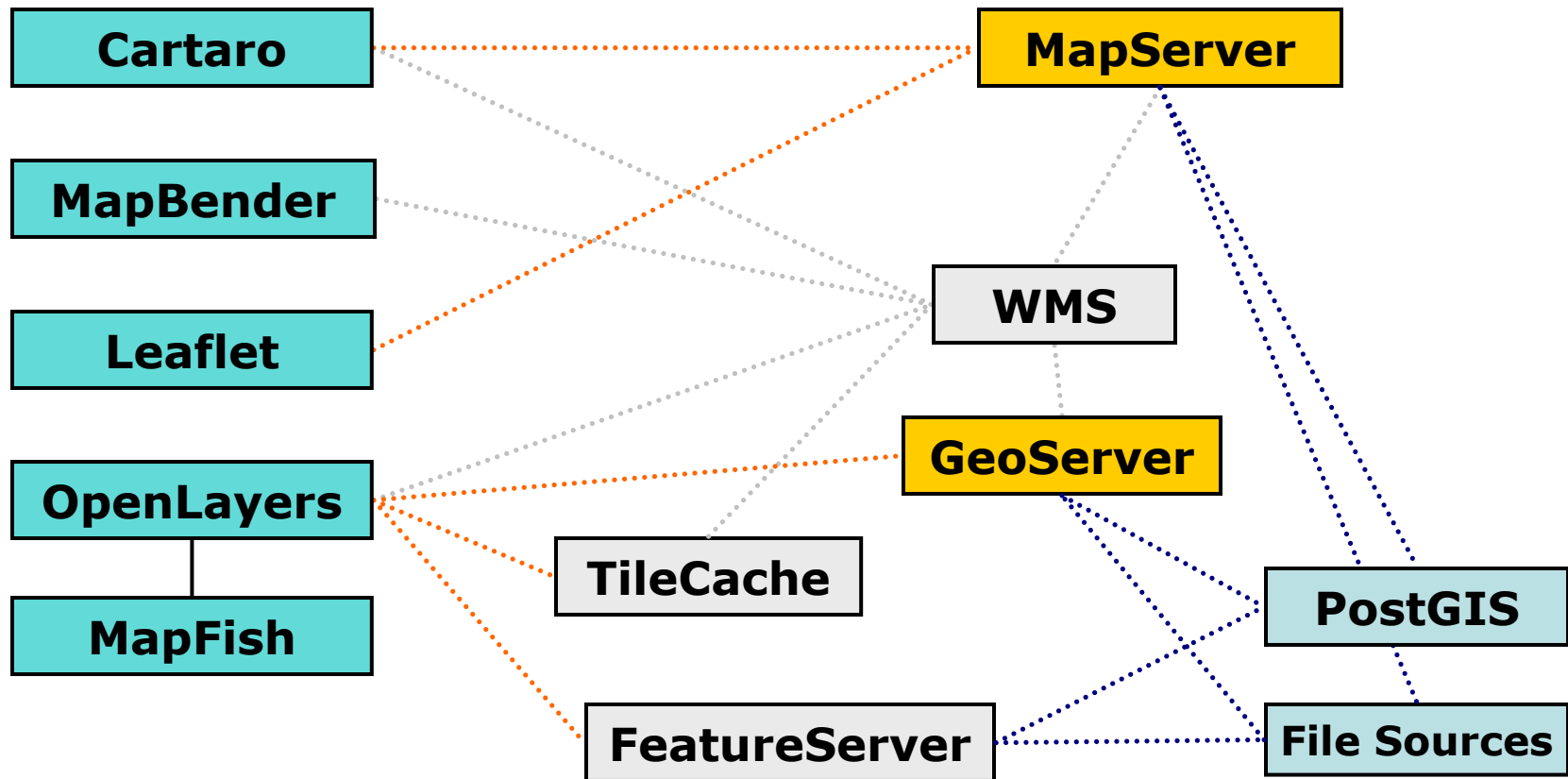


**Selection of some of the
most advanced and popular Web GIS components**

■ Schematic View Interoperable Web GIS



■ Relations of Web GIS Components



Modified from “The State of Open Source GIS”, Paul Ramsey, Sep. 2007, formerly Refrations Research, Victoria, BC, Canada

■ Some Foundations (Tools)

A few libraries that are the foundation of many Open Source and commercial Geospatial Software Packages

■ GDAL (Raster) and OGR (Vector)

Geospatial Data Abstraction Library / OpenGIS Simple Features Reference Implementation

- Tools for reading, writing and processing of raster and vector data sets -> [formats](#)
- Important base for many Desktop GIS systems e.g. ArcGIS
- OGR extends Mapserver formats
Oracle Spatial, ESRI Geodatabase (MDB), TIGER, MapInfo...

■ PROJ4 is a library for cartographic projection routines

- stand alone projection utility "proj"
- libraries for more than 2500 projections (e.g. EPSG list)

■ GeoTools is an open source Java GIS toolkit is a library for cartographic projection routines

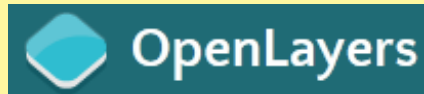
- Similar usage as OGR and GDAL for Java based projects
- Udig and GeoServer are based on GeoTools

■ Web GIS Frameworks

Client Side

JavaScript/Ajax Libraries

*OpenLayers
JavaScript API*



*Leaflet
JavaScript API*



*D3 Data-Driven Documents
JavaScript API*



Cesium



Client-Server Side

*JavaScript/Ajax Libraries
Server Side Scripts, Database*

*Mapbender 2.X + 3
PHP, JavaScript, PostGIS*



*MapFish
Python (Pylons),
Java Script
(ExtJS) and OpenLayers*



*Cartaro
PHP, JavaScript
Drupal CMS*





Object-oriented JavaScript library version 2+ 3

- OL 2.X using Prototype.js and Rico library)
- OL 3 using Google's Closure Tools (compiler+ library)

Lets you add maps to any web page by embedding OpenLayer.js

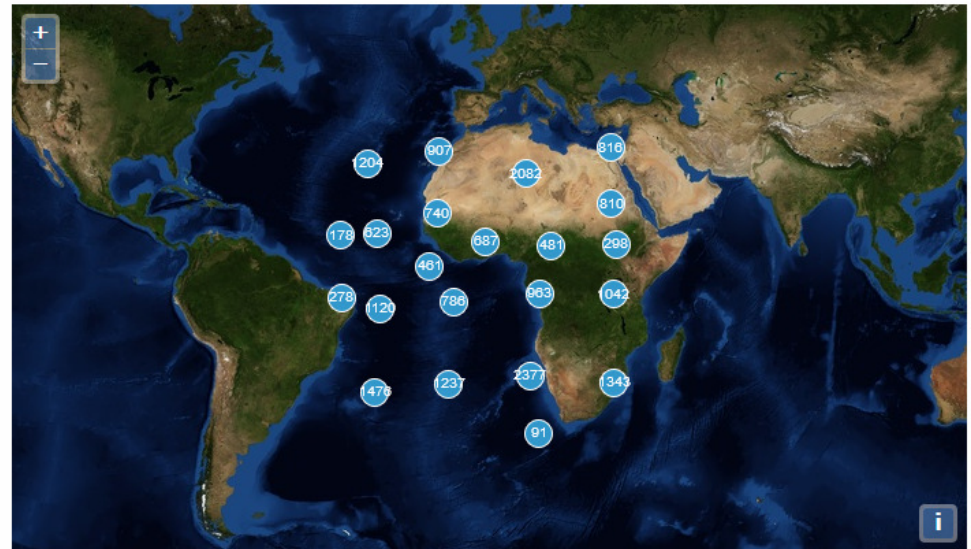
- no server-side dependencies
- Easily reusable component similar to Google Maps and BING Web Mapping APIs

Input Formats

- Bing, Open Street map, Google Maps, WMS, Vector layers, GeoRSS, WFS, KML

Standard Tools

- Google Like zoom bar, standard functions like zoom in/out pan



Clustering example

■ D3.js Data-Driven Documents

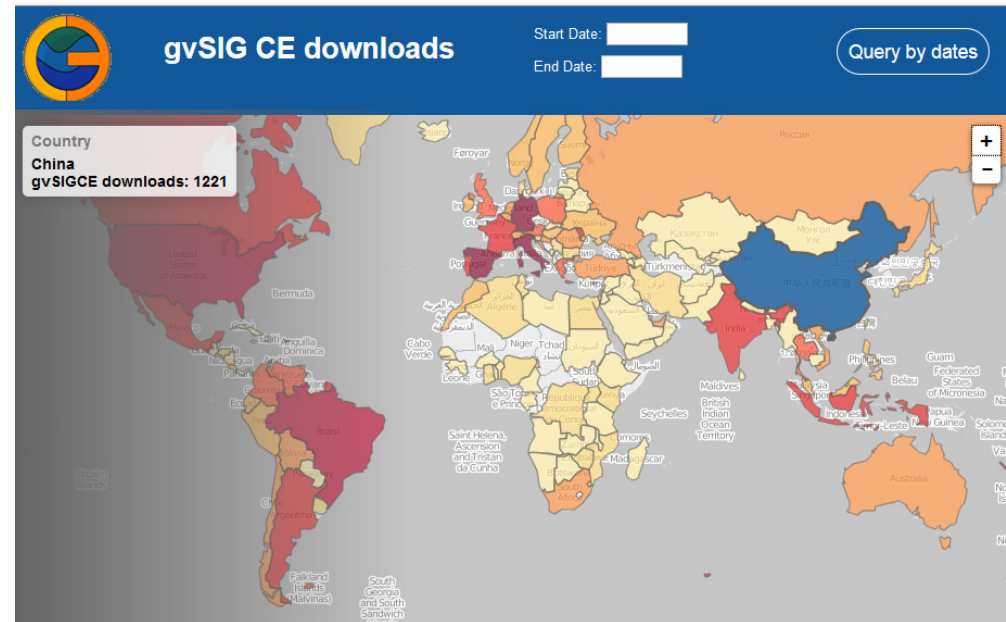
- D3.js is a JavaScript library for manipulating documents based on data
- supports many kinds of visualizations (e.g. charts) based on a combination of HTML, SVG and CSS
- Mapping capabilities interesting alternative in browser visualization of geographic and non geographic objects.
- TopoJSON format is an extension of GeoJSON topology - eliminating redundancy in data
- D3 and Leaflet can be [combined](#) (TopoJSON is available in Leaflet via D3)

[Mike Bostock examples](#)

[Globe projections transitions example](#)

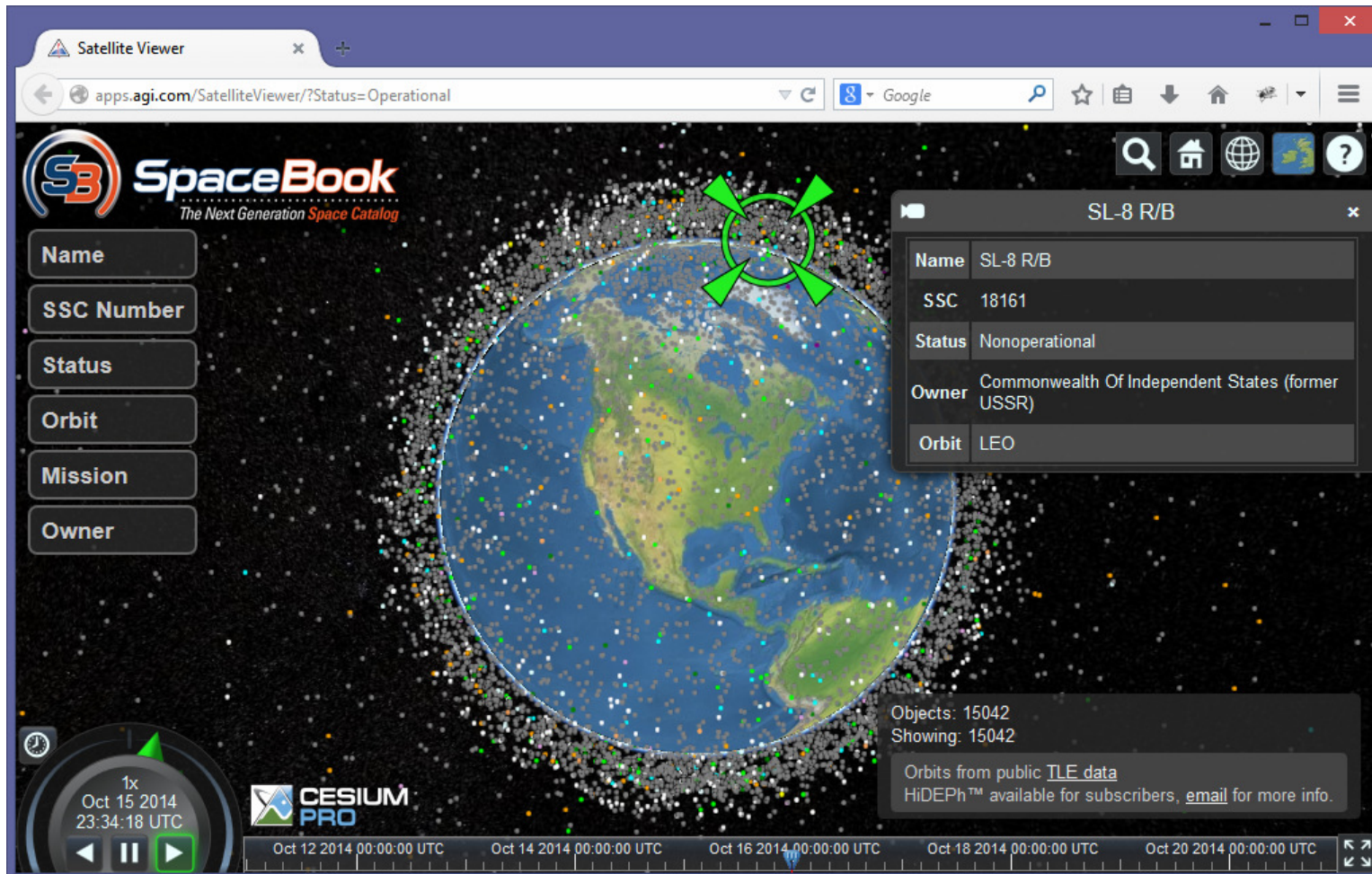


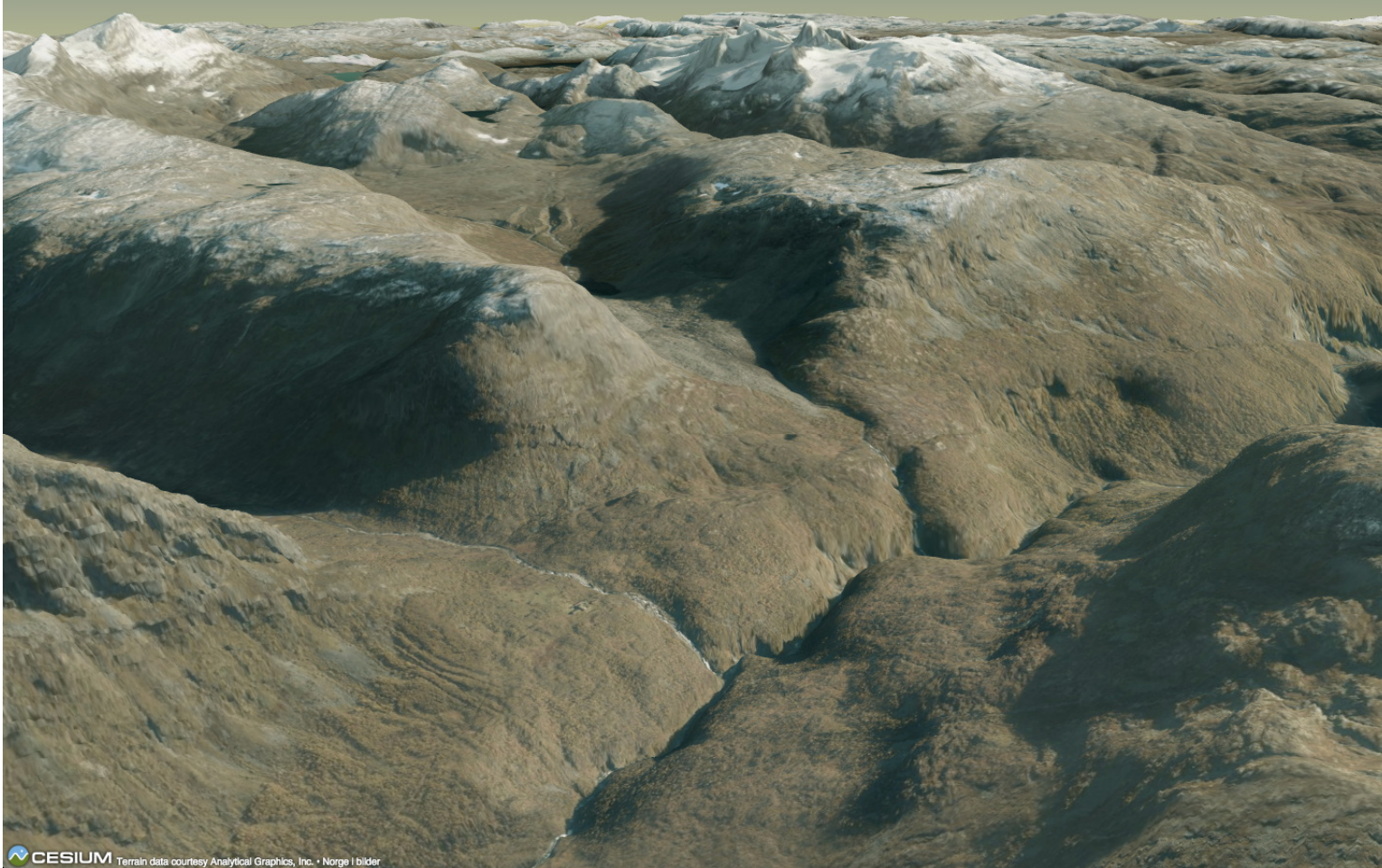
- a lightweight JS Library about 33KB size works efficiently on desktop + mobile platforms
- many functions but lacking the more advanced 'GIS' features OpenLayers 2.X + OL 3 caters to.
- good choice if (download) speed is the main objective, compatibility with mobile devices is important and if more advanced "GIS" features are not needed
- Can be extended with large collection number of plugins



Cesiumjs

Cesium is a JS library enabling 2D maps +3D Globe visualizations , using WebGL , Apache 2 lic





**Jotunheimen Norway - rendered with 10 m elevation data
from the Norwegian Mapping Authority**

Credit [Bjørn Sandvik](#)

■ Web GIS Engines

■ MapServer (C)



■ GeoServer (Java)



■ Mapnik (C++)



■ Map Guide Open Source (C++)



+ "Fusion" by DM Solutions



Originally developed at the University of Minnesota (UMN), short "MapServer"

- one of the most mature open source projects
- written in C

Main Focus

- rendering spatial data
- development environment for spatially-enabled internet applications

Map output

- CGI mapserv (Linux) and mapserv.exe (windows)
- MapScript API available for Python, PHP, Perl, and Java
- Map/Layer configuration text file .map

Formats

- In: PostGIS, Oracle Spatial ArcSDE, WMS, GDAL and OGR formats
- Out: GIF, JPG, PNG, all GDAL formats, WFS and WMS



Main supporter The Open Planning Project (TOPP)

- newer development than Mapserver)
- written in Java, built on top of Geotools (like Udig)

Main Focus

- rendering images, serving and editing spatial data

More differences to Mapserver

- configuration web-based Graphical user interface (stored as xml)
- transactional capabilities, support for shared editing

Formats

- PostGIS, Shapefile, ArcSDE, DB2, Oracle
(soon VPF, MySQL, MapInfo, WFS)
- JPG, GIF, PNG, SVG, KML/KMZ, GML, Shapefile, GeoJSON, GeoRSS
- WFS , WMS and KML output



Logged in as admin.

Logout

About & Status

- Server Status
- GeoServer Logs
- Contact Information
- About GeoServer

Data

- Layer Preview
- Workspaces
- Stores
- Layers
- Layer Groups
- Styles

Services

- WCS
- WFS
- WMS

Settings

- Global
- JAI
- Coverage Access

Tile Caching

- Tile Layers
- Caching Defaults
- Gridsets
- Disk Quota

Security

- Settings
- Authentication
- Passwords
- Users, Groups, Roles
- Data
- Services

Demos

Welcome

Welcome

This GeoServer belongs to [The ancient geographies INC.](#)

139 Layers	Add layers
29 Stores	Add stores
8 Workspaces	Create workspaces

Strong cryptography available

This GeoServer instance is running version **2.4.0**. For more information please contact the administrator.**Service Capabilities****WCS**

1.0.0
1.1.0
1.1.1
1.1

WFS

1.0.0
1.1.0
2.0.0

WMS

1.1.1
1.3.0

TMS

1.0.0

WMS-C

1.1.1

WMTS

1.0.0





Main supporter “Camptocamp”

Widgets and plugins oriented architecture

MapFish Client - JavaScript framework – two parts

- mapping part OpenLayers
- user interface (GUI widgets) ExtJs + GeoExt library

MapFish Server

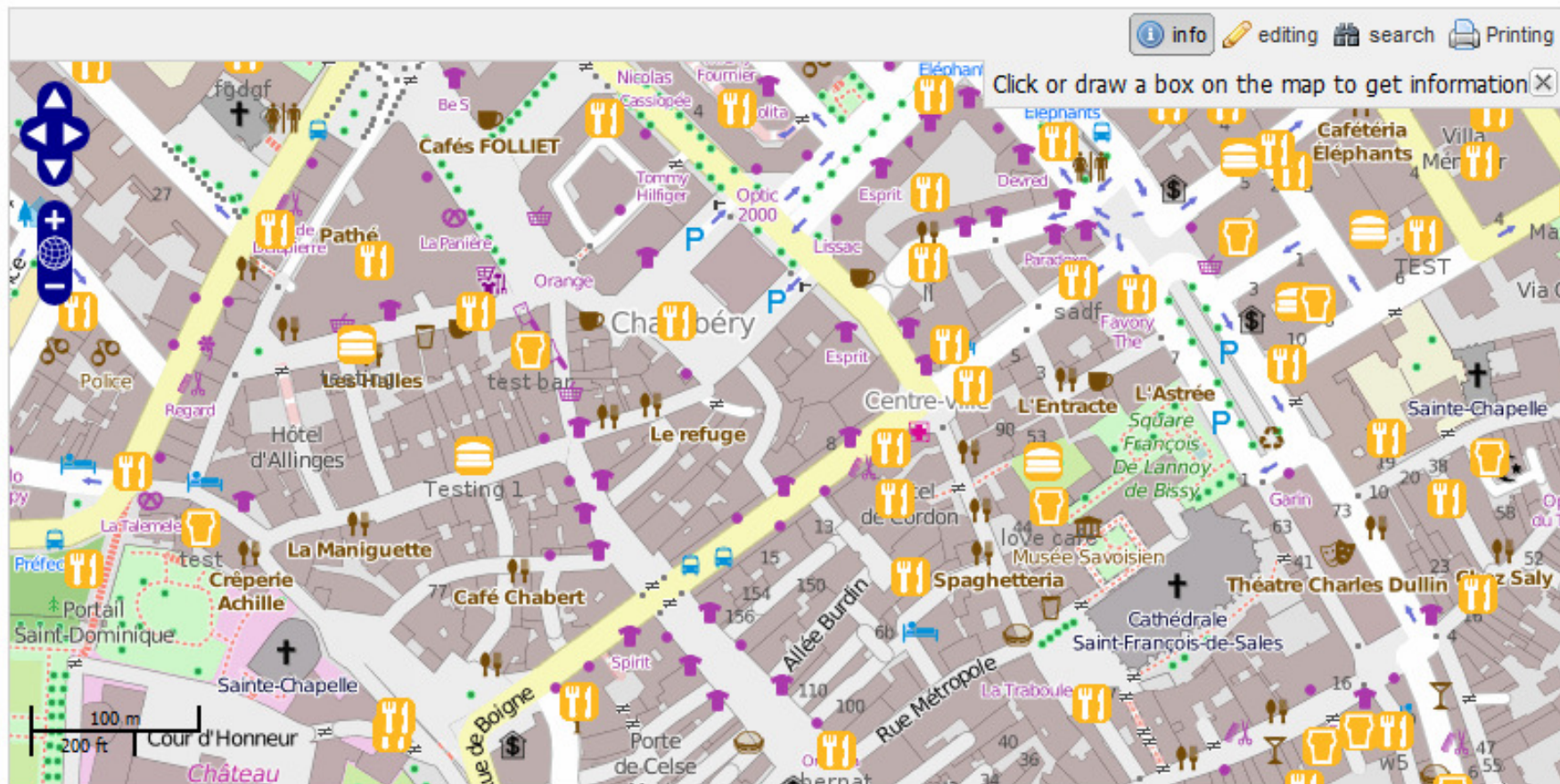
- MapFish Server is a Python framework (based on Pylons)

Main Focus - Adding server side framework to OpenLayers

- Advanced UI components: layer tree...
- Server-side services: authentication, query...
- Server-side processing: routing, editing...
- Print Module (Java based and independent)



Map Fish demo



■ Mapbender

Main supporter "WhereGroup"

Comprehensive Client - Server framework

- implemented in PHP, JavaScript and XML
- Management Database MySQL or PostgreSQL

Functionality

- displaying, navigating, editing and querying spatial data and maps
- map services authorization services (OWS proxy functionality)
- management interfaces for user, group and service administration
- Management of WMS and WFS
- User interface configuration and tool stored in data base

Input

- WMS and WFS

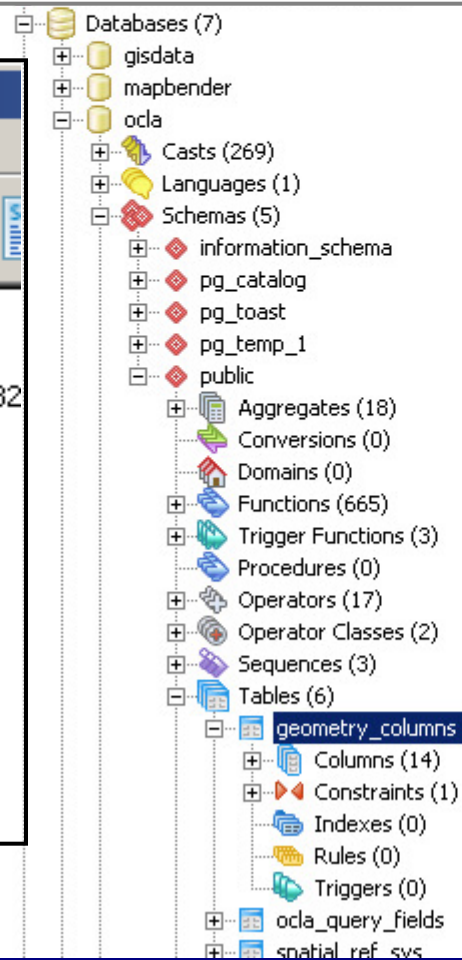
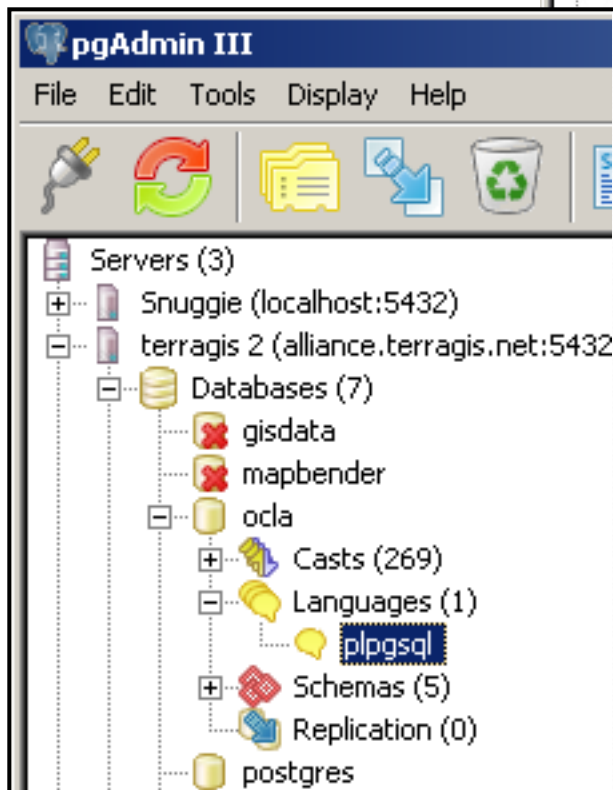


Extending GIS Capabilities PostGIS – Spatial Database



- PostGIS is an extension for PostgreSQL
- adds support for geographic objects to PostgreSQL
- enables PostgreSQL server to be used as a backend spatial database for GIS
- Spatial operations and analysis simply mean running a (spatial) SQL query in the database
- Similar functions as SDE and much more

pgAdmin – GUI base Database administration tool



Property	Value
Name	geometry_columns
OID	16754
Owner	gisdata
ACL	
Primary key	f_table_catalog, f_table_schema, f_
Rows (estimated)	1
Rows (counted)	3
Inherits tables	No
Inherited tables count	0
Has OIDs?	Yes
System table?	No

Properties Statistics Depends on Referenced by

```
-- Table: geometry_columns
-- DROP TABLE geometry_columns;

CREATE TABLE geometry_columns
(
    f_table_catalog varchar(256) NOT NULL,
    f_table_schema varchar(256) NOT NULL,
    f_table_name varchar(256) NOT NULL,
    f_geometry_column varchar(256) NOT NULL,
    coord_dimension int4 NOT NULL,
    srid int4 NOT NULL,
    "type" varchar(30) NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT geometry_columns_pk PRIMARY KEY (f_
)
WITH OIDS;
ALTER TABLE geometry_columns OWNER TO gisdata;
```

pgAdmin III Edit Data - terragis 2 (alliance.terragis.net:5432) - ocla - geometry_columns

	oid	le_ca [PK] varchar	table_schem [PK] varchar	f_table_name [PK] varchar	geometry_column [PK] varchar	d_dimer int4	srid int4	type varchar
1	63153	"	public	wa_counties	the_geom	2	2285	MULTIPOLYGON
2	63206	"	public	wa_counties_w	the_geom	2	2285	MULTIPOLYGON
3	63226	"	public	wa_tracts	the_geom	2	2285	MULTIPOLYGON
*								

PostGIS tables

geometry columns

spatial reference table

pgAdmin III Edit Data - terragis 2 (alliance.terragis.net:5432) - ocla - spatial_ref_sys

	srid [PK] int4	auth_name varchar	auth_srid int4	srtext varchar	proj4text varchar
1614	4324	EPSG	4324	GEOGCS["WGS 72BE",DATUM["WGS_1972_	+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS72 +b
1615	4326	EPSG	4326	GEOGCS["WGS 84",DATUM["WGS_1984",SP	+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84 +d
1616	4600	EPSG	4600	GEOGCS["Anguilla 1957",DATUM["Anguilla_1	+proj=longlat +ellps=clrk80 +no
1617	4601	EPSG	4601	GEOGCS["Antigua 1943",DATUM["Antigua_1	+proj=longlat +ellps=clrk80 +no
1618	4602	EPSG	4602	GEOGCS["Dominica 1945",DATUM["Dominica	+proj=longlat +ellps=clrk80 +tov
1619	4603	EPSG	4603	GEOGCS["Grenada 1953",DATUM["Grenada_	+proj=longlat +ellps=clrk80 +tov
1620	4604	EPSG	4604	GEOGCS["Montserrat 1958",DATUM["Montse	+proj=longlat +ellps=clrk80 +tov

PostGIS Functions

■ Spatial SQL

Functions (780)
→ <code>_st_asgeojson(integer, geography, integer, integer)</code>
→ <code>_st_asgeojson(integer, geometry, integer, integer)</code>
→ <code>_st_asgml(integer, geography, integer, integer)</code>
→ <code>_st_asgml(integer, geometry, integer, integer)</code>
→ <code>_st_askml(integer, geography, integer)</code>
→ <code>_st_askml(integer, geometry, integer)</code>
→ <code>_st_bestsrid(geography, geography)</code>
→ <code>_st_bestsrid(geography)</code>
→ <code>_st_buffer(geometry, double precision,cstring)</code>
→ <code>_st_contains(geometry, geometry)</code>
→ <code>_st_containsproperly(geometry, geometry)</code>
→ <code>_st_coveredby(geometry, geometry)</code>
→ <code>_st_covers(geography, geography)</code>
→ <code>_st_covers(geometry, geometry)</code>
→ <code>_st_crosses(geometry, geometry)</code>
→ <code>_st_dfullywithin(geometry, geometry, double precision)</code>
→ <code>_st_distance(geography, geography, double precision, boolean)</code>
→ <code>_st_dumppoints(geometry, integer[])</code>
→ <code>_st_dwithin(geometry, geometry, double precision)</code>
→ <code>_st_dwithin(geography, geography, double precision, boolean)</code>
→ <code>_st_equals(geometry, geometry)</code>
→ <code>_st_expand(geography, double precision)</code>
→ <code>_st_intersects(geometry, geometry)</code>
→ <code>_st_linecrossingdirection(geometry, geometry)</code>
→ <code>_st_longestline(geometry, geometry)</code>
→ <code>_st_maxdistance(geometry, geometry)</code>

■ Extending GIS Capabilities - Additional tools

FeatureServer

middleware for publishing and modifying geospatial data in lots of different formats to the web (RESTful Geographic Feature Service)

- *dynamic capabilities to read geographic features (or collections) with standard HTTP methods from distributed sources (aggregation)*
- *translate geographic features between formats
e.g. input shape file and open in Google Earth*

TileCache

server software solution with caching and rendering capabilities

- *create your own local disk-based cache of any WMS server*
- *use the resulting map tiles in supporting clients
e.g. OpenLayers, Google maps, Virtual Earth, Worldkit*
- *create a fast performing slippy style map a la Google Maps*

■ Map Tile Caching Server / engines

TileCache	www.tilecache.org
TileStache	http://tilestache.org/
GeoWebCache	http://geowebcache.org
MapProxy	tiles, server proxy, security http://mapproxy.org
MapCache	www.mapserver.org
TileMill	map styling - http://mapbox.com/tilemill

■ But you still have one important question !

“How can I build my own WEB GIS ? ”

simple steps...

■ Articles

The State of Open Source GIS,
Version September 2007. By Paul Ramsey, formerly
Refractions Research, Victoria. 49pages

■ Web Sites

Free GIS Project <http://www.freegis.org/>
Open source GIS list <http://opensourcegis.org/>
Map Tools <http://maptools.org/>
OSGeo <http://www.osgeo.org/>

Open source utilities and websites

Simple Feature Library (OGR)

Geospatial Data Abstraction Library (GDAL)

GeoTools



PROJ4



www.gdal.org

www.gdal.org



<http://www.geotools.org>

<http://trac.osgeo.org/proj>

MapServer



GeoServer



Mapnik



<http://mapserver.org>

<http://geoserver.org>

<http://mapnik.org>

OpenLayers



Leaflet



Mapbender



MapFish



Cartaro



Map Guide Open Source



www.openlayers.org

<http://leafletjs.com>

www.mapbender.org

<http://mapfish.org>

<http://cartaro.org>

<https://mapguide.osgeo.org>

PostgreSQL

PostgreSQL



PostGIS



www.postgresql.org

<http://postgis.refrations.net>

Django



TileCache

<https://www.djangoproject.com>

www.tilecache.org

Local GIS user group:

“Cascadia Users of Geospatial Open Source”

www.cugos.org
<http://groups.google.com/group/cugos>

Monthly meeting every 3rd Wednesday, 5:30 pm